		v		40-					
1110	Warning:- Please write yo	our Roll No. in the space	provided and sign. R	oll No					
1119	(Intel Part – I)	(Session 2015-17 to 201	(8-20) Sig. 01 A						
Physics	(Objective)	( Group I	/	Paper (I)					
T: A	Howad: 20 minutes	PAPER CODE	2475	Maximum Marks:- 17					
a 1 : C and D The choice Which Voll Inlink is correct, iiii									
that circle in front of that question number. Use marker of pen to fill the circles. Cutting of filling two of more states with the circle in front of that question number. ODE which is printed on this question paper, on the both sides of the									
Answer Sheet and fill bubbles accordingly, otherwise the student will be responsible for the students. Ose of this restriction									
white correcting fluid is not allowed.  1) High concentration of red blood cells increases the viscosity of blood from									
1)	High concentration of red (A) $2-3$ times that of (	blood cells increases the	(C) 5 7 times that of	(D) $7 - 9$ times that of					
			water	water					
2)	water Distance covered by a boo	water							
2)		(B) 5 cm	(C) 15 cm	(D) 20 cm					
2)	(A) 10 cm (Speed of sound in Hydrog		(-)						
3)	(A) 4 (B)	6	(C) 8	(D) 16					
4)	Sound waves can not pass								
7)	(A) Liquid	(B) Solids	(C) Air	(D) Vacuum					
5)	Which of the followings car	not produce colours with	white light?	(72) 73'					
	(A) Diffraction	(B) Interference	(C) Polarization	(D) Dispersion					
6)	The image formed by eye	piece of compound mici	roscope is	(D) Virtual and					
	(A) Real and magnified	(B) Real and	(C) Virtual and enlarge	diminished					
		diminished	in thermal contact is det						
7)	The direction of flow of l	(D) Vinatio energies	(C) Potential energies	(D) Atmospheric pressure					
	<ul><li>(A) Internal energies</li><li>A carnot engine has an efficience</li></ul>	(B) Killetic energies	k temperature is 27 °C. The	he temperature of source is					
8)			(C) 373 °C	(D) 273 °C					
	() July C	(B) 327°C		(-) 213 0					
9)	The term 134.7 can be w	ritten in scientific notation	on as	(D) $1.347 \times 10^4$					
	(A) $1.347 \times 10^2$	( ) 115 17	(C) $1.347 \times 10^{1}$	(D) 1.347×10					
10	)) The quantity 0.00467 has		(C) 5	(D) 6					
	(A) 3 1) If the two components of	(B) 4	(C) 5	angle with x-axis will be					
1		(B) 45°	(C) 60°	(D) 90°					
	(A) 30° 2) Two forces of magnitude			ing angle of 30°, The					
13	2) Two forces of magnitude	Itant force will be	a body in directions in						
	X-component of the rest (A) 25.98 N	(B) 30 98 N	(C) 20.98 N	(D) 17.98 N					
1	(A) 23.98 N  3) If maximum height of the	projectile is equal to the	range then angle of proje	ction of projectile will be					
	(A) 200	(B) $60^{\circ}$	(C) 45"	(D) 10					
	4) If 50 kg crate is pushed	through 2 m across the f	loor with a force of 50 N	I, the work done will be					
	(A) 245 I	(B) 150 l	(C) 200 J	(D) 1003					
1	5) A body rotates with a co	enstant angular velocity	of 100 rad/sec about a ve	ertical axis the required					
	torque to sustain this m	otion will be							
	(A) Zero Nm	(B) 100 Nm	(C) 200 Nm	(D) 300 Nm					
1	6) Moment of inertia of 10	0 kg sphere having radii	is 50 cm will be	(D) $2.5 \text{ Kg m}^2$					
	(A) $10 \text{ Kg } m^2$	(B) 5 $Kg m^2$	(C) 500 $Kg m^2$	(D) 2.3 Kg III					
1	7) Laminar flow occurs at	9799 SI	(0) 7	(D) Very high speed					
	(A) High speed	(B) Low speed	(C) Zero speed	(D) very mgn speed					
		1187- 1119	23000 (3)						

and of some or the same			is a sufficient on this question paper except your Roll No.	
		1119	Warning:- Please, do not write anything on this question paper except your Roll No.  Paper (1)  Group (II) (Session 2015-17 to 2018-20)  Paper (2)  April 19 (2)	
	Physics	(Subje	ective) Group (II) (Session 2010) Maximum Marks: 68	
		. 1	2.40 hours Section	
	2	Answer	briefly any Eight parts from the following	
	(i)	Write tv	wo differences between base and derived quantities?  everal repetitive phenomena occurring in nature which could serve as reasonable time standard?  everal repetitive phenomena occurring in nature which could serve as reasonable time standard?	
	(ii)	Name se	everal repetitive phenomena occurring in nature which could so ve a gual in magnitude?	
A.	(111)	Define	what circumstances would a vector have proposed to the components? component of a vector? What are rectangular components?	
ļ.	(iv)	15 -11 th	component of a vector? What are rectangular components?  e components of a vector $\overline{A}_1$ and $\overline{A}_2$ were reversed, how would this alter $\overline{A}_1 \times \overline{A}_2$ ?  e components of a vector $\overline{A}_1$ and $\overline{A}_2$ were reversed, how would this alter $\overline{A}_1 \times \overline{A}_2$ ?	
	(v)	II all ul	e components of a vector $A_1$ and $A_2$ were reversed, now we describe the conservative field. Give example. (vii) What is Venturi Relation? Explain briefly.	
		Define	s drag force? On what factors does it depend?	
	(viii)	What is	$k \leftarrow 2$ What is resonance? Example must be given?	
	(:-)	Show th	at 1KWh = 3.6 M J (x) Derive the relation $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$ (xi) What is resonance? Example must be given?	
	(ix)	3110W (II	the acceleration of a simple harmonic oscillator ever remain constant? Explain.  8 $\times$ 2 = 16	
	(xii)	Does th	he acceleration of a simple harmonic oscillator ever terms $8 \times 2 = 16$	
	3.	Answe	he acceleration of a simple harmonic $8 \times 2 = 16$ er briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- er briefly any Eight parts from the followings:-	
	(i)	Can the	e velocity of an object reverse direction to the linear momentum?	
	(ii)	Define	e velocity of an object reverse direction when the related to linear momentum?  e impulse and show that how it is related to linear momentum?  e impulse and show that how it is related to linear momentum?	
	(iii)		f majortile is maximili which projective is the	
	(iv)			
		What	is meant by moment of thertia: Explain to organize the does it fly? Explain.	
	(v) (vi)	When	mud flies off the tyre of a moving bicycle, in what direction does it my an armonism and flies off the tyre of a moving bicycle, in what direction does it my armonism.	9
	(vii)	- 1 1	Law many minimility fillings of decorations	
	(viii)	Defin	be the terms (a) Ciravitation, and (b) Goodest-	-
		What	te the terms (a) Gravitation, and (b) Geodesies features do longitudinal waves have in common with transverse waves? result of a distant explosion, an observer senses a ground tremor and then hears the explosion.	3
	(ix)	Aca	result of a distant explosion, an observer senses a	
	(x)	Expl	ain the time difference.  does sound travel faster in solids than in gases? (xii) Differentiate between "Red Shift" and "Blue Shift" $6 \times 2 = 12$	
	(vi)	Why	does sound travel faster in solids than in gases? (XII) Differentiate between $6 \times 2 = 12$	
	(xi) 4.	Amer	wer briefly any Six parts from the following interference fringes? Explain.	
		Wha	is meant by a wavefront? (ii) Can visible light produce interference and interpolation to take place?	
	(i)	\ The r	centre of Newton's filligs is dain. This	
	(iii	Hov	we the light signal is transmitted through optical fibre?  or the light signal is transmitted through optical fibre?  or the light signal is transmitted through optical fibre?  or the light signal is transmitted through optical fibre?  or the light signal is transmitted through optical fibre?	
	(v) (vi	Spe	cific heat of a gas at constant pressure is greater than specific heat at constant pressure is greater than	
	(vi	i) Is it	possible to construct a near engine that was a	
	(vii	i) Exn	possible to construct a final possi	
	(:-	Can	the mechanical energy be converted completely $(8 \times 3 = 24)$	
	No.	to: Att	empt any three questions. Section	
	5.		What is the main difference between petrol engine and dieser engine	
	3,	(41)	engine elaborating its four strokes.  The diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of vernier callipers of least count to the diameter and length of the d	
		(b)	The diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the neighbor to the state of cylinder and uncertainty in it.	
		(.,)	The diameter and length of a metal cylinder measured with the help of the modern in it.  0.01 cm are 1.22 cm and 5.35 cm. Calculate the volume of cylinder and uncertainty in it.  0.01 cm are 1.22 cm and 5.35 cm. Calculate the volume of cylinder and uncertainty in it.	
	6	. (a)	Derive expressions for the magnitude and difference of the mag	
	O	. (33)	rectangular component method.	
		(b)	A factball is thrown upward with all aligic of 30 1 of the ball?	
		(~)	To throw a 40 m pass what must be the initial speed of the barr.  To throw a 40 m pass what must be the initial speed of the barr.  Define the conservative field. Prove that the work done in the earth's gravitational field is	
	•	7. (a)	Define the conservative field. Hove that are	
	*		independent of the path followed.  A stationary wave is established in a string which is 120 cm long and fixed at both ends. The string vibrate A stationary wave is established in a string which is 120 cm long and fixed at both ends. The string vibrate A stationary wave is established in a string which is 120 cm long and fixed at both ends. The string vibrate	
		(b)	A stationary wave is established in a string which is 120 cm long and lines at the stationary wave is established in a string which is 120 cm long and lines at the stationary stationary satellite.	
			in four segments, at a frequency of 120 Hz. Determine its Wavelength and in four segments, at a frequency of 120 Hz. Determine its Wavelength and State and	
		8. (a)		
		(b	A block of mass 4 kg is dropped in the compressed.	
			$K = 1960 \frac{N}{N}$ . Find the maximum distance through which spring will be compressed.	
			m Derive formula for its alliquial magnification.	
		9. (a	Explain compound microscope using suitable diagram. Derive formula with grating 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per Sodium light ( $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ ) is incident normally on a grating having having a gratin	
		(b	What is the nights! Older of the pe	
			1190 1119 14000	
			1170	

MARKET STATE OF THE STATE OF TH			and sion R	Roll No
1119	Warning:- Please write yo	our Roll No. in the space	provided and sign	Student
No.	(Inter Part – I)	(Session 2015-17 to 201 (Group II)		Paper (I)
Physic	(Objective)			Maximum Marks:- 17
Note:- that cir- result is	Allowed: - 20 minutes  You have four choices for each cle in front of that question num zero mark in that question. We sheet and fill bubbles according to the control of t	n objective type question as A mber. Use marker or pen to Vrite <b>PAPER CODE</b> , which in longly, otherwise the student wi	fill the circles. Cutting or fi is printed on this question p ill be responsible for the situ	which you think is correct; fill illing two or more circles will when you the both sides of the
white o	A body of mass 10 kg in	free falling lift has weigh	ht (C) Zero N	(D) 980 N
63	(A) 10 N ) The Sum of all the energ	ies of molecules is know	m as	Gravitational
	(A) Elastic potential	(B) Kinetic energy	(C) Internal energy	(D) potential energy
2	3) Absolute uncertainty in	a measuring instrument i	is equal to	(D) Percentage
٤	(A) Least count	(B) Accuracy	(C) Fractional uncertainty	uncertainity
	Dimension of moment a     (A) [M]		(C) [LT]	(D) [L] is
	5) The force of 15 N make	(D) LCIO IV	(C) 30 N	(D) 45 N
	6) The position vector $\vec{r}$ (A) $y\hat{i} + z\hat{k}$	in xz- plane is (B) $x\hat{i} + y\hat{k}$	(C) $x\hat{i} + z\hat{k}$	(D) $x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$
	7) Area between the velocity (A) Time	is parallel to the direction	n of motion of the body,	us 1m, the work done of
	centripetal Force is	(B) 40 Joule	(C) 10 Joule	(D) Zelo seale
	10) Stoke's Law hold for (A) Spherical shape	bodies when they have (B) Curved shape	(C) Rectangular sh	ape (D) Oblong shape
	11) One Torr is equal to	(D) 100 D l-	(C) 133.3 Pascals	(D) 80 Pascals
	(A) 120 Pascals 12) A simple pendulum i	10120112	on in 5 seconds, its frequ (C) 200 Hz	uency is, (D) 40 Hz
	(A) 4 Hz 13) The Product of frequ (A) 2 14) Two tuning forks of	iency and Time Period is	s (C) 1 258 Hz are sounded to	(D) 1 Hertz gather, the number of
	beats per second are	(B) 2	(C) 261	(D) 258
	(A) X-Rays 16) If a convex Lens of	ving waves can not be po (B) Light waves focal length "f" is cut	olarized (C) Sound waves into two identical halve	(D) Infrared rays s along the Lens diameter, the
	focal length of eac	(D) 2 f	(C) $\frac{f}{a}$	(D) f
	(A) $\frac{3}{2}f$	(D) -J	consist in thermal equilb	brium at a Temperature
	17) Solid ice, Liquid w (A) 273 K	vater and water vapours (B) 273.16 K		• `
		<b>1189</b> - 1119	9 14000 (	2)